







Goods in African supermarkets





Intra-African commerce is costly, time wasting and cumbersome due to patchwork of trade regulations and tariffs.

Source: Africa Renewel, 08-11/2018

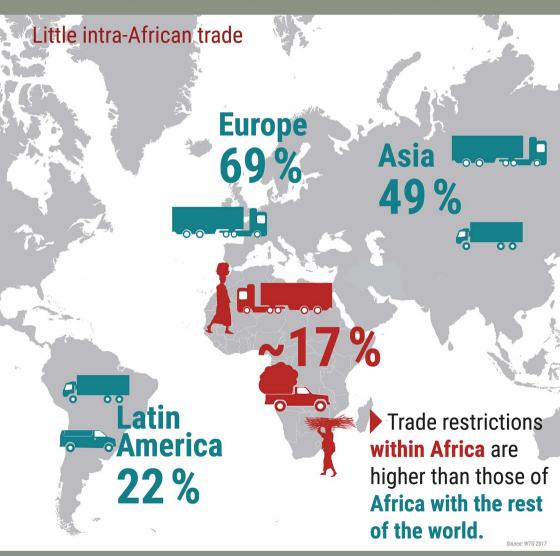








Intra-regional exports - a comparison











Constraining challenges

Low level of Intra-African trade for example due to ...



Poor infrastructure



Cumbersome custom procedures



Multiple clearing stages



Inadequate IT infrastructure



Limited information exchange



Corruption

Source: Boosting Intra-African Trade, au.int/en/ti/biat/about



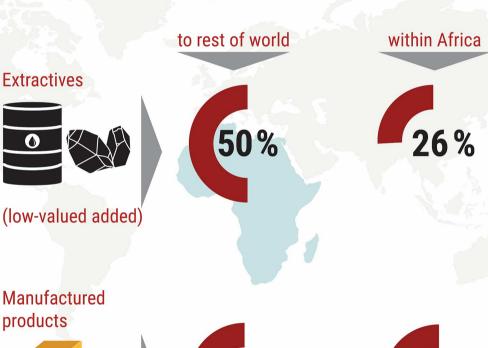






Intra-African trade: more value-added

As % of African exports, 2017









Source: WTO 2017







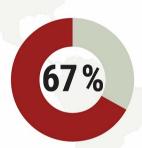


Trade in services



Restrictions on trade in services within Africa are 4x higher than in OECD countries





of African countries
require a visa
before departure
for most arrivals

World service exports from Africa 2 %

Source: based on Assessing Regional Integration in Africa VIII Report, UNECA, p. 24, own calculations

Source: TRALAC Guidebook

Services as share of... ...



Services are a key part of African economies, but trade in services has a huge potential to grow.

Source: UNCTAD (GDP, Trade): AfDB (FDI)









Connecting Africa

Potential for the 15 landlocked countries – maritime transport makes up 80% of total international trade volume.

Access for landlocked countries to maritime transport should be developed.











Economies of scale

Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs)

Well positioned to tap into regional export destinations.

Representing more than 90 % of African businesses s. Can use markets stepping for expa

Can use regional markets as stepping stones for expanding into overseas markets.

Source: ITC (International Trade Cente

Tariff-free access
to a huge and
unified market
will encourage
manufacturers and
service providers to leverage
economies of scale.



Consumers will pay less for products and services ...











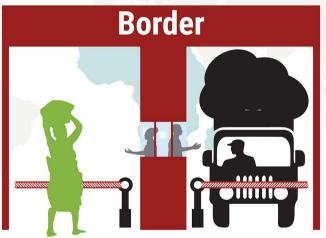


Crossing borders: within Africa vs. EU

Average **97** (8) waiting time at the border in hours

Average **7.5** (4.1) number of documents to be processed

Number of days required to import*



Average number of hours spent with import documents

Cost in US\$ to export one container

2037 (1042)

Cost in US\$ to import one container

2702 (1079)

* Sub-Saharan Africa (...): EU

Source: World Bani









Informal cross-border trade

Women are estimated to account for around 70%

Thus, women are particularly vulnerable to ...

... violence

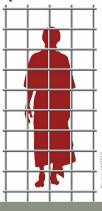
of informal crossborder traders in Africa.



... harassment



... imprisonment











Challenges to intra-African trade (1)

Small states

Many small countries, populations of <20 million





GDP of < 10 billion USD



Sources: <u>List of African ciountries by GDB, wikipedia</u> World Economic Outlook Database. International Monetary Fund. 17 April 2018

Multiple memberships



AfCFTA addresses many countries' multiple and overlapping memberships in Regional Economic Communities (RECs)

Complicates integration efforts

Kenya, for example, belongs to 5 RECs

Source: African Union (AU)









Challenges to intra-African trade (2)

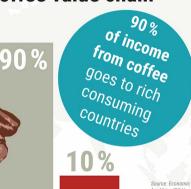
Low value addition

Africa earns a mere

10% of total value

of its agro-value chains

Coffee value chain



Cocoa value chain

70% produces produces 10% of world's cocoa \$2b

\$2 billion out
of more than
chocolate revenue
continent

UNCTAD (2016)
Cocoa industry
Integrating small farmers
into the global value chair











AfCFTA Negotiations

First Popularies

May 2016

annih soft annih soft

tion of 12 ne-

obruary .

2017

2015

States of Organisation of African Unity agreed for first time on a road map

Member

Treaty 190

for the creation of a common African market

Oecembe,

Agreement on AfCFTA text and protocol on services

signing 2070 States have signed, 18 have ratified.

21st March 2078

AU signed: launch for

March 2018

29th April 2070

Oth May 2079

round of took place in Addis

AfCFTA will be officially and ceremonially launched at the Extraordinary AU Summit. It is thus legally binding for the ratification states (State Parties to the AfCFTA).

Source: All various









Timeline

1st phase **Protocols**

Trade in **goods**

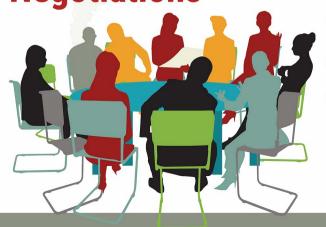




Rules and procedures for settlement of disputes



2nd phase **Negotiations**



- Competition policy
- Investment
- Intellectual property rights

Source: African Union (AU)









Commodities at a glance

Coffee Sector in East Africa

Over **5 million people** are coffee growers and work in the coffee sector in Africa

Provides primary livelihood to about **25 million** people

Consumption in non-traditional markets has **doubled in last**

20 years and is yet to double

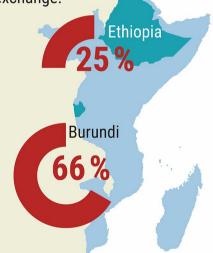
in next 10 years



1998 2018

2028

Over **25 countries** in Africa **grow coffee**; for many of these countries, coffee is a major export product and vital source of foreign exchange.



Source: UNCTAD 2018: Commodities at a Glance: Special Issue on Coffee in East Africa





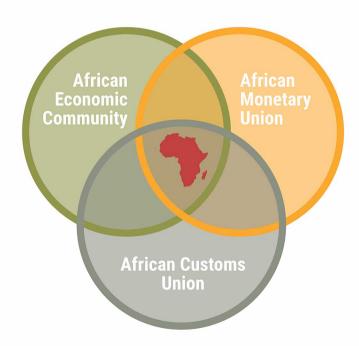




Economic integration ambition

If the AfCFTA is successfully implemented,

it could inch **Africa** towards its age-long **economic** integration ambition



Source: Africa Renewal information programm